

# New CEN and ISO Standards for Pre-examination Processes

## What they mean for us

Lecture Course

Graz, May 16<sup>th</sup> 2018

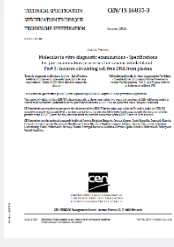
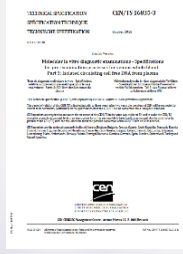
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## EU IVDR – In-vitro-Diagnostic Device Regulation



## Pre-analytical workflow parameters



## EN ISO & CEN Standards



## SOPs



## Technologies & Products

## What exactly is changing?

- Medical Devices Directive **AND** Active Implantable Directives



- Medical Devices Regulation

- In-Vitro Diagnostic Directive



- In-Vitro Diagnostic Regulation

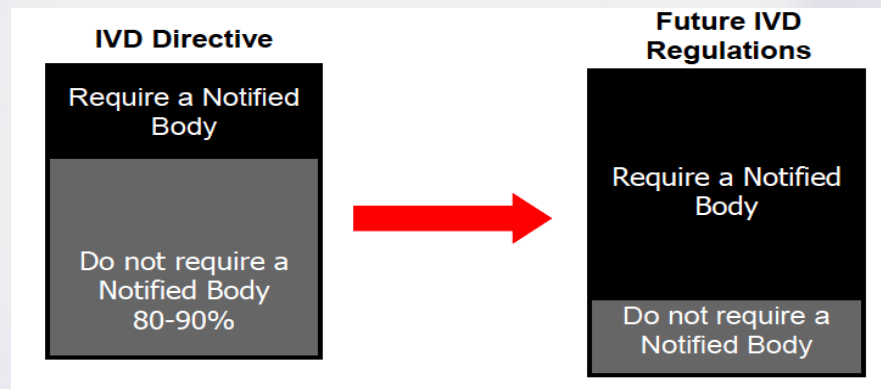
Source: <https://www.bsigroup.com>



- New European In Vitro Diagnostic Regulation in force since May 2017
  - 5 years transition period ⇒ date of applications: May 2022
  - Grace period for existing CE IVDD: May 2024
  - Warehouse clause: May 2025

## Risk Classes

- *from list-based approach to risk-based approach*
- *four risk categories: A (low risk) to D (high risk)*



## Conformity Assessment Routes

- *reflect the new classification rules*
- *introduction of pre-examination process parameters*
- *more manufacturers need to use a Notified Body*

## Performance Evaluation

- *process of performance evaluation defined*
- *required throughout the lifetime of the device*

## Clinical Evidence

- *scientific validity, analytical performance, and clinical performance*

## Post Market

- *post market performance follow-up new requirement*
- *incident reporting and trending*

## Conformity Assessment Routes

- *reflect the new classification rules*
- *introduction of sampling*
- *more manufacturers need to use a Notified Body*

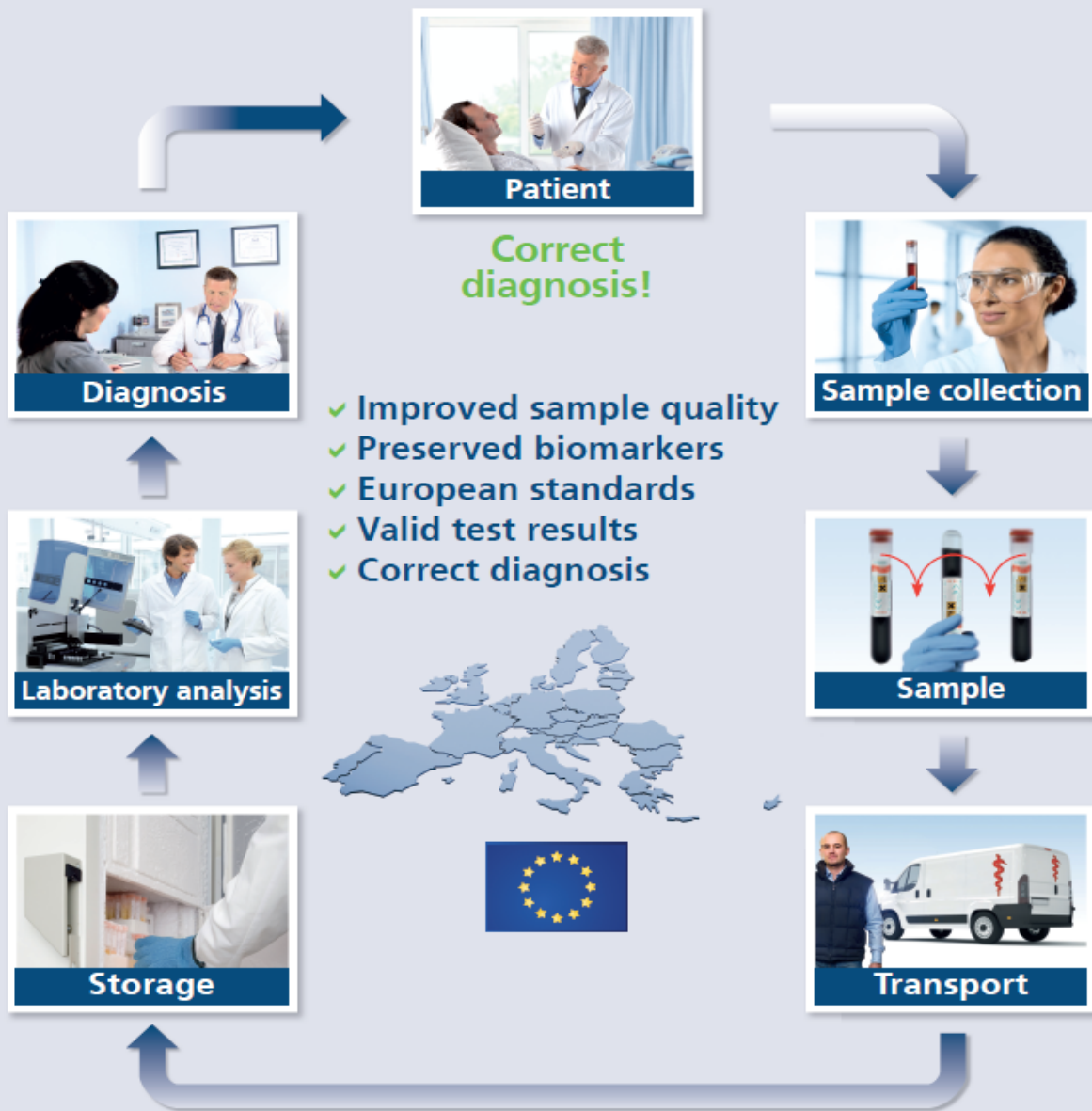
## Scrutiny and Traceability

- *new requirements in technical documentation will mean audit and updates to all technical files*
- *unique Device Identifier (UDI)*

- Also pre-analytical workflow parameters become mandatory (IVDR)
  - REQUIREMENTS REGARDING INFORMATION SUPPLIED WITH THE DEVICE (Chapter III, Annex I)
  - (q) conditions for collection, handling, and preparation of the specimen
  - 6. PRODUCT VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION (Annex II)
    - 6.1. Information on analytical performance of the device
      - 6.1.1. Specimen type

This Section shall describe the different specimen types that can be analysed, including their stability such as storage, where applicable specimen transport conditions and, with a view to time-critical analysis methods, information on the timeframe between taking the specimen and its analysis and storage conditions such as duration, temperature limits and freeze/thaw cycles

# Before Designing an Analytical Test: We have to know the Entire Workflow



European Conference. Standards: Your Innovation Bridge. Brussels (2014). SPIDIA Booth.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

CEN/TS 16835-3

SPÉCIFICATION TECHNIQUE

TECHNISCHE SPEZIFIKATION

October 2015

ICS 11.100.30

English Version

## Molecular in vitro diagnostic examinations - Specifications for pre-examination processes for venous whole blood - Part 3: Isolated circulating cell free DNA from plasma

Tests de diagnostic moléculaire in vitro - Spécifications  
relatives aux processus pré-analytiques pour le sang  
total veineux - Partie 3: ADN libre circulant extrait du  
plasma

Molekularanalytische in-vitro-diagnostische Verfahren  
- Spezifikationen für präanalytische Prozesse für  
venöse Vollblutproben - Teil 3: Aus Plasma isolierte  
zirkulierende zellfreie DNS

This Technical Specification (CEN/TS) was approved by CEN on 31 August 2015 for provisional application.

The period of validity of this CEN/TS is limited initially to three years. After two years the members of CEN will be requested to submit their comments, particularly on the question whether the CEN/TS can be converted into a European Standard.

CEN members are required to announce the existence of this CEN/TS in the same way as for an EN and to make the CEN/TS available promptly at national level in an appropriate form. It is permissible to keep conflicting national standards in force (in parallel to the CEN/TS) until the final decision about the possible conversion of the CEN/TS into an EN is reached.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



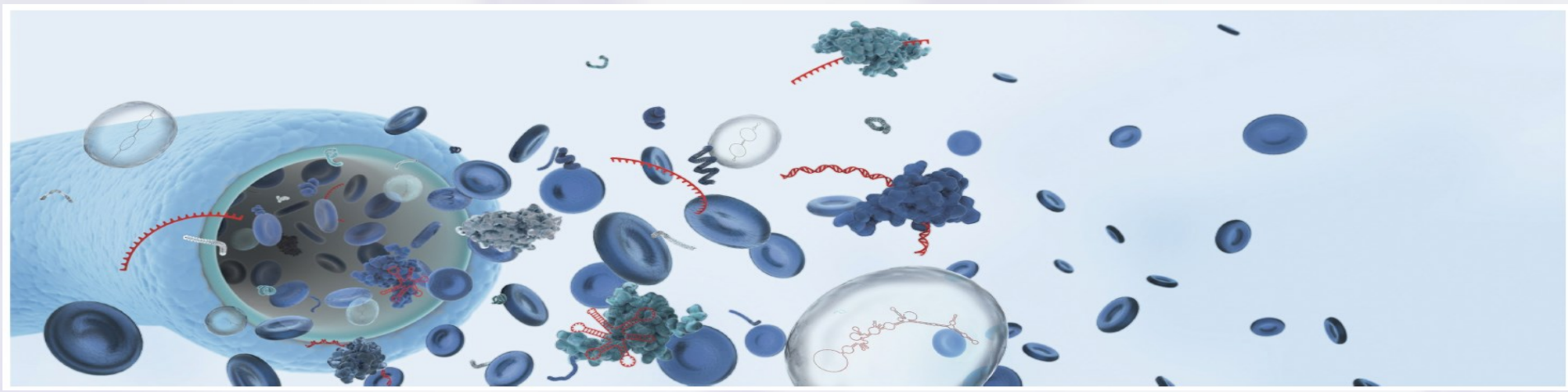
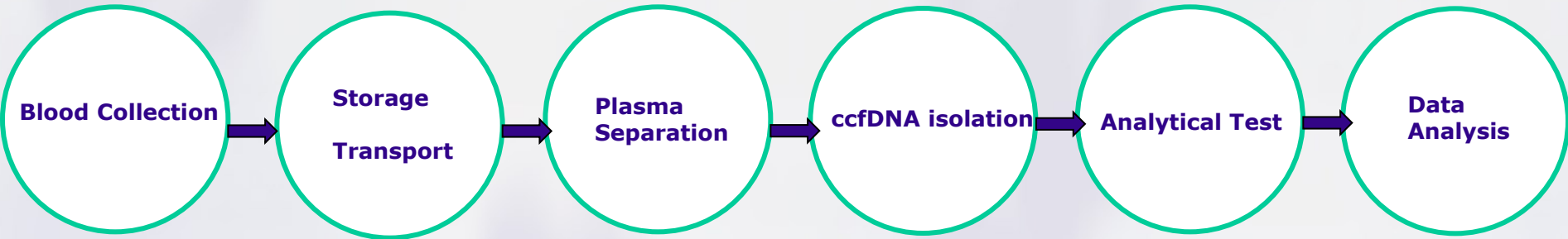
EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION  
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION  
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

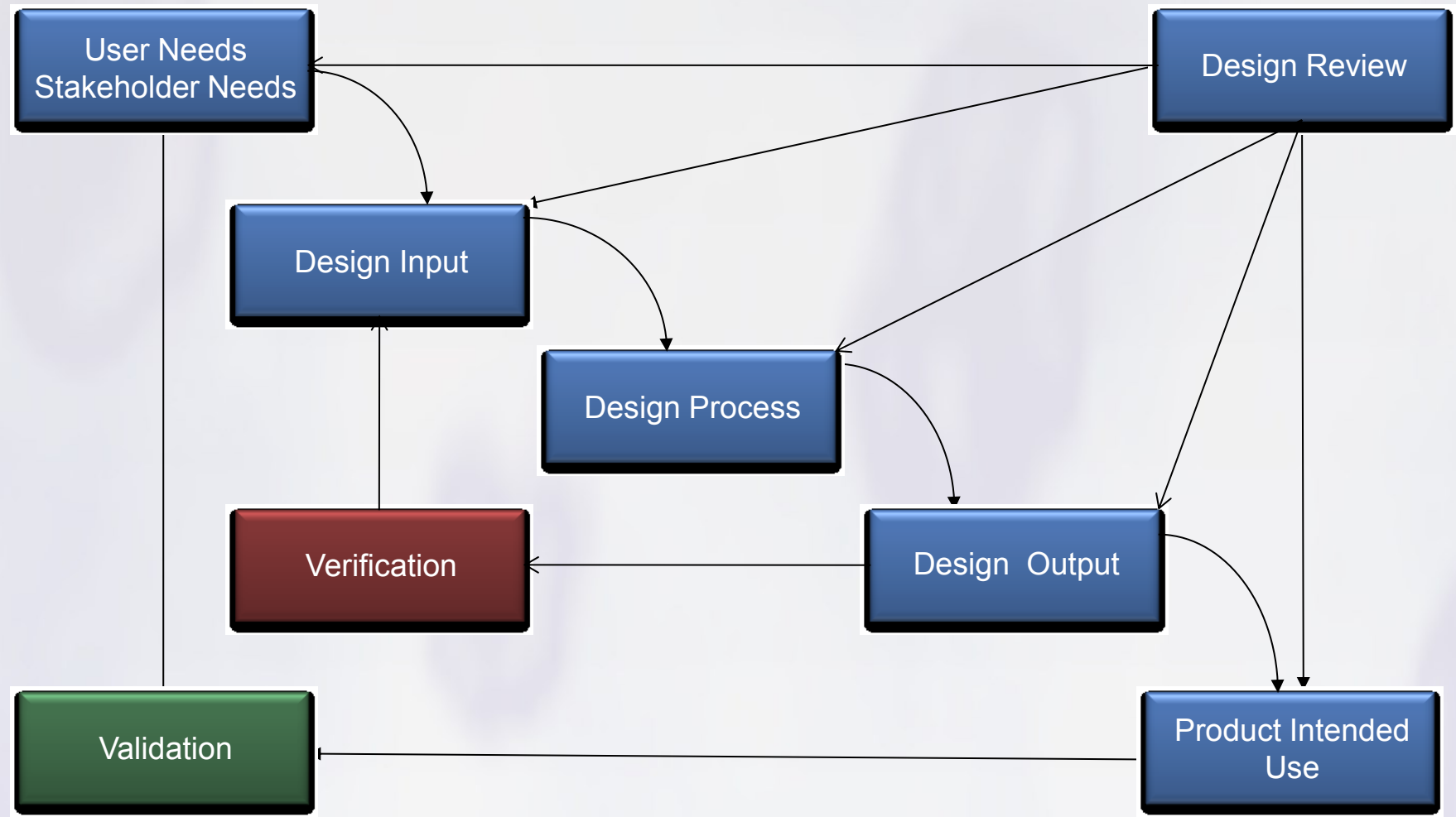
## ISO/IS Standards expected for 2018



European foreword.....	3
Introduction .....	4
1 Scope .....	5
2 Normative references .....	5
3 Terms and definitions .....	5
4 General considerations .....	7
5 <b>Outside the laboratory</b> .....	7
5.1 Primary venous whole blood collection manual .....	7
5.1.1 Information about the primary sample donor .....	7
5.1.2 Selection of the venous whole blood collection tube by the laboratory.....	8
5.1.3 Primary venous whole blood collection from the patient and stabilization procedures.....	8
5.1.4 Information on the primary blood sample and storage requirements at the blood collection facility .....	9
5.2 Transport requirements.....	9
6 <b>Inside the laboratory</b> .....	10
6.1 Primary sample reception .....	10
6.2 Storage requirements for venous whole blood sample.....	10
6.3 Plasma preparation.....	10
6.4 Storage requirements for plasma sample .....	10
6.5 Isolation of the ccfDNA .....	11
6.6 Quality assessment and quantity measurement of isolated ccfDNA .....	12
6.7 Storage of isolated ccfDNA .....	12
Annex A (informative) Influence of isolation procedures on ccfDNA fragments' lengths distribution pattern in plasma samples.....	13







- New ideas, technologies and products benefit from standardization to get into the marketplace and to be successful
  - Build customer confidence that your products are safe and reliable
  - Meet regulation requirements, at a lower cost
  - Reduce costs across all aspects of your business
  - Gain market access across the world
  
- International Standards help businesses of any size and sector reduce costs, increase productivity and access new markets
  
- “Standards make market access easier, in particular for SMEs. They can enhance brand recognition and give customers the guarantee that the technology is tested and reliable”

- SPIDIA Consortium (EU FP7)
- SPIDIA4P Consortium (EU H2020)
- CEN/TC 140 (Europe)
- ISO/TC 212 (International)
- CD Laboratory for Biospecimen Research & Biobanking Technologies Team (Med. Univ. Graz)
- CBmed Project 1.4 Team (Graz)
- STRATFix UK Consortium (UK)
- CANCER-ID Consortium (EU IMI)
- Barrett Oesophagus m4 Team (Munich)
- . . . and all other international collaboration partners

*Questions ?*

