EUROPE **BIOBANK** WEEK 2021



INTRODUCTION

Medical imaging and genome sequencing produce huge amounts of sensitive medical data that must be shared among authorized stakeholders, e.g. research institutions, and at the same time protected against unauthorized abuse.

- To enable seamless integration this data must be easily accessible on demand.
- Furthermore, it must be secure on transit and on rest against current and future cyberattacks even by quantum computers.

AIM

The performance and privacy needs of modern biobanks and their stakeholders ask for a stateof-the-art, cryptography based, quantumsafe IT solution that is compatible with GDPR and other legal requirements.

- We present such a novel IT solution based on threshold cryptography (secret sharing), distributed cloud data storage, and optionally including quantum key distribution (QKD) and post-quantum cryptography (PQC).
- We also report on a field trial that demonstrated the feasibility of the approach.

METHOD

Secret sharing is about splitting data into "fragments" ...

- The user chooses how many fragments are created in total and the minimum number of fragments needed to recover the data.
- Shamir's secret sharing algorithm [1] guarantees that
- Any set of less than the minimum number of fragments contains no information on the data
- Any set of at least the minimum number of fragments contains the full information

Distributed and/or federated storage...

By distributing fragments to different public/private/hybrid cloud storage locations fragmentiX[®] CLUSTER guarantees that the data is protected from data loss and data theft.

Outlook: fragmentiX secure multi party computation (SMPC)

TRUSTED DATA ENVIRONMENT FOR BIOBANKS AND OTHER SHAREHOLDERS INCLUDING PATIENTS

1. fragmentiX Storage Solutions GmbH, Klosterneuburg, Austria 2. Digital Pathology, Medical University Graz, Graz, Austria 3. Center for Digital Safety & Security, AIT Austrian Institute of Technology GmbH, Vienna, Austria





Schematic of fragmentiX secret sharing (see also METHOD box)

CONCLUSIONS

Secret sharing can help biobanks to store sensitive data in public clouds: Data loss protection is ensured by the fact that not all shares are needed to fully recover the data.

Data theft protection is ensured by the fact that too few shares contain zero information on the data. A breach in one cloud storage does not compromise the data at all.

Optimal user experience: Seamless integration of fragmentiX Secret Sharing into Windows Explorer / macOS Finder.

will allow the in-depth processing of medical data sets owned by different parties with cryptographic guarantee for all parties that the own data is not disclosed to the other cooperating parties (e.g. to train AI algorithms in the fields of medical diagnosis and research)

OpenQKD EU project UseCase Graz: Schematics of secure IT infrastructure.

REFERENCES

[1] Shamir, Adi (1979), "How to share a secret", Communications of the ACM, 22 (11): 612–613, doi:10.1145/359168.359176

[2] <u>https://openqkd.eu</u>

[3] Biobanks for enabling research and development by trusted patient data environment, Springer, 2021.

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